

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Withdrawn) A method of fabricating a bone substitute material, the method comprising the steps of:

providing a foam material having an open cell structure,

distorting the shape of the foam material and holding the material in a distorted shape,

coating the walls of the cells of the foam material with a ceramic slip,

removing the foam material, and

sintering the ceramic slip to form a bone substitute material that is approximately a positive image of the distorted foam material, wherein the bone substitute material comprises a porous sintered ceramic having approximately the form of a positive image of an open celled foam material, the walls defining the cells within the material being hollow, wherein the cellular structure is orientated such that the cells generally have a length in one direction greater than a length in a perpendicular direction.

2. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 1, in which the step of distorting the shape of the foam material comprises stretching the foam material.
3. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 2, in which the foam material is stretched in one direction only.
4. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 2, in which the foam material is permanently deformed.
5. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 1, in which the step of removing the foam material comprises heating the material.

6. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 5, in which the method comprises a first heating step in which the foam material is removed and a second, subsequent, heating step in which the ceramic slip is heated to a higher temperature and is sintered.
7. (Withdrawn) A method according to any preceding claim, in which the step of coating the walls of the cells of the foam material with a ceramic slip includes the steps of immersing the foam material in the ceramic slip and draining some of the ceramic slip from the foam material.
8. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 7, in which the immersing and draining steps are repeated.
9. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 7, in which the foam material is mechanically compressed and then allowed to expand while it is immersed in the ceramic slip.
10. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 7, in which air is directed onto the coated foam material to inhibit the formation of closed cells.
11. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 1, in which the foam material is a polymeric foam material.
12. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 1, in which the ceramic base substitute material has a macroporosity in the range of 40 to 70%.
13. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 1, in which more than half of the macroporosity of the material is provided by pores having an equivalent diameter in the range of 150 to 450 μm .
14. (Currently Amended) A bone substitute material comprising a porous sintered ceramic having approximately the form of a positive image of an open celled foam material, the walls defining the cells within the material being hollow such that a wall between two cells is made of two wall ceramic material layers, wherein the cellular structure is orientated such that the cells generally have a length in one direction greater than a length in a perpendicular direction and wherein the bone substitute material has a breaking stress of more than 1 MPa.

15. (Original) A bone substitute material according to claim 14, in which the cells are generally of elongate form having a length in one direction greater than their lengths in the two other perpendicular directions.
16. (Original) A bone substitute material according to claim 15, in which the cells have a length in one direction more than 20% greater than their length in the two other perpendicular directions.
17. (Previously Presented) A bone substitute material according to claim 14, in which the material has a macroporosity in the range of 40 to 70%.
18. (Previously Presented) A bone substitute material according to claim 14, in which more than half of the macroporosity of the material is provided by pores having an equivalent diameter in the range of 150 to 450 μm .
19. (Previously Presented) A bone substitute material according to claim 14 in which the material has a breaking stress of more than 1 MPa.
20. (Withdrawn) A method of fabricating a granular bone substitute material, the method comprising the steps of:
 - providing a multiplicity of pieces of foam material having an open cell structure, each occupying a space of less than 1000 mm^3 ,
 - coating the walls of the cells of the pieces of foam material with a ceramic slip,
 - removing the foam material, and
 - sintering the ceramic slip to form a granular bone substitute material in which the granules are approximately positive images of the pieces of foam material, wherein the granular bone substitute material comprises a multiplicity of granules of a porous sintered ceramic, each granule having approximately the form of a positive image of an open celled foam material, the walls defining the cells within the granules being hollow and the granule occupying a space of less than 1000 mm^3 .

21. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 20, in which the pieces of foam material have a maximum dimension of less than 12 mm.
22. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 20, in which the pieces of foam material are of irregular shape.
23. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 20, in which the pieces of foam material are approximately cubes.
24. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 23, in which the cubes have sides of length less than 8 mm.
25. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 20, in which the pieces of foam material are all of substantially the same size.
26. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 20, in which the pieces of foam material vary in size and/or shape.
27. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 20, further comprising the step of treating the granular sintered material to reduce the size of and/or alter the shapes of the granules.
28. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 27, in which the treating step comprises a milling step.
29. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 28, in which the milling step comprises ball milling.
30. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 20, in which the step of removing the foam material comprises heating the material.
31. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 30, in which the method comprises a first heating step in which the foam material is removed and a second, subsequent, heating step in which the ceramic slip is heated to a higher temperature and is sintered.
32. (Withdrawn) A method according to claims 20, in which the step of coating the walls of the cells of the pieces of foam material with a ceramic slip includes the steps of immersing the

pieces of foam material in the ceramic slip and draining some of the ceramic slip from the pieces of foam material.

33. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 32, in which the step of draining some of the ceramic slip from the pieces of foam material comprises the step of supporting the pieces of foam material on a perforated support surface.

34. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 32, in which the immersing and draining steps are repeated.

35. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 20, in which the pieces of foam material are mechanically compressed and then allowed to expand while they are immersed in the ceramic slip.

36. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 20, in which air is directed onto the coated foam material to inhibit the formation of closed cells.

37. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 20, in which the foam material is a polymeric foam material.

38. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 20, in which the granular bone substitute material has a macroporosity in the range of 40 to 70%.

39. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 20, in which more than half the macroporosity of the material is provided by pores having an equivalent diameter in the range of 150 to 450 μm .

40. (Withdrawn) A granular bone substitute material comprising a multiplicity of granules of a porous sintered ceramic, each granule having approximately the form of a positive image of an open celled foam material, the walls defining the cells within the granules being hollow and the granule occupying a space of less than 1000 mm^3 .

41. (Withdrawn) A granular bone substitute material according to claim 40, in which the material has a macroporosity in the range of 40 to 70%.

42. (Withdrawn) A granular bone substitute material according to claim 40, in which more than half of the macroporosity of the material is provided by pores having an equivalent diameter in the range of 150 to 450 μm .
43. (Withdrawn) A granular bone substitute material according to claim 40, in which the material has a compressive modulus at a load of 500 N of more than 40 MPa.
44. (Withdrawn) A granular bone substitute material according to claim 40, in which the granules have a maximum dimension of less than 12 mm.
45. (Withdrawn) A granular bone substitute material according to claim 40, in which the granules are of irregular shape.
46. (Withdrawn) A granular bone substitute material according to claim 40, in which the granules are approximately cubes.
47. (Withdrawn) A granular bone substitute material according to claim 46, in which the cubes have sides of length less than 8 mm.
48. (Withdrawn) A granular bone substitute material according to claim 40, in which the granules have rounded edges.
49. (Withdrawn) A granular bone substitute material according to claim 40, in which the granules are all of substantially the same size.
50. (Withdrawn) A granular bone substitute material according to claim 40, in which the granules vary in size and/or shape.
51. Cancelled.
52. (Withdrawn) A method of forming a bone graft comprising the steps of implanting a bone substitute material that is approximately in the form of a positive image of an open celled foam material into or onto a bone, wherein the bone substitute material comprises a porous sintered ceramic having approximately the form of a positive image of an open celled foam material, the walls defining the cells within the material being hollow, wherein the cellular

structure is orientated such that the cells generally have a length in one direction greater than a length in a perpendicular direction.

53. Cancelled.

54. Cancelled.

55. Cancelled.

56. Cancelled.

57. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 52, in which the bone substitute material is in the form of a cylindrical block of circular cross-section.

58. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 52, in which the material is in the form of a preshaped block and is implanted into a correspondingly shaped space in or on the surface of a bone.

59. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 52, in which the material is housed in a cage or other structure which is then implanted.

60. (Withdrawn) A method according to claim 58, in which the implant contributes to the structural strength of the bone.

61. Cancelled.